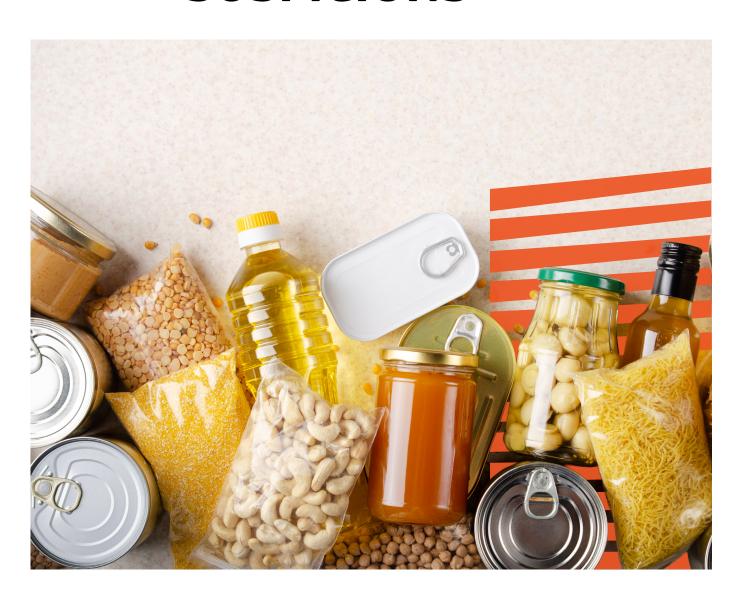


September 2025 Report On EU AGRI-FOOD FRAUD SUSPICIONS



The purpose of the Monthly report on EU Agri-Food Fraud suspicions is twofold:

- 1. Assist Member States' authorities for the enforcement of the provisions of Article 9(2) of the Official Control Regulation which requires the organisation of risk-based controls to identify and combat fraudulent and deceptive practices along the agri-food chain (across some control areas listed in its Article 1(2)).
- 2. Provide valuable but selected information to stakeholders of the agri-food sector to perform adequate vulnerability assessments and identify new emerging risks.

Disclaimer: The monthly report includes 'non-compliances with fraud suspicions' of cross-border nature identified and shared between members of the Alert and Cooperation Network (ACN).

The monthly report covers food, feedingstuff, materials and articles intended to come into contact directly or indirectly with food, animal welfare issues for farmed animals, plant protection products, veterinary medicinal products and other inputs that may end in the form of residues and contaminants in food and feed.

The monthly report does not reconcile data and suspicions related to the following subjects:

- animal and plant health,
- release into the environment of Genetically Modified Organisms,
- animal welfare for companion animals,
- placing on the market and use of plant protection products, veterinary medicinal products and other inputs that are not ending as residues and contaminants in food and feed, and
- animal by-products and derived products when they not intended to be used for oral feeding to animals.

Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1715 of 30 September 2019 laying down rules for the functioning of the information management system for official controls and its system components (the IMSOC Regulation) defines a fraud notification as a" non-compliance concerning any suspected intentional action by businesses or individuals, for the purpose of deceiving purchasers and gaining undue advantage therefrom, in violation of the rules referred to in Article 1(2) of Regulation (EU) 2017/625".

The report includes "non-compliances with fraud suspicions". Those non-compliances' are not confirmed frauds but contribute alerting and triggering investigations by Member States competent authorities.

THIS MONTH 164 SUSPICIONS WERE RETRIEVED FROM 695 IRASFF NOTIFICATIONS.

Figure 1: Suspicions per product category

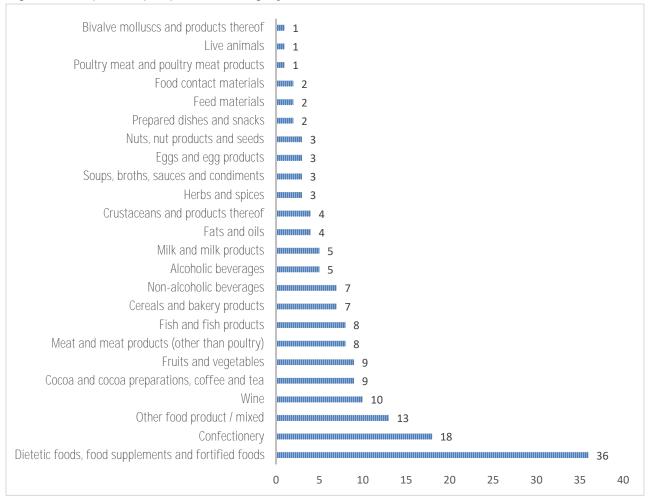


Figure 2: Suspicions per fraud category

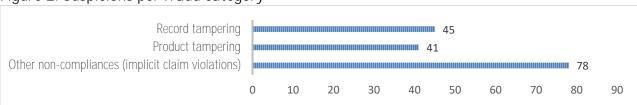
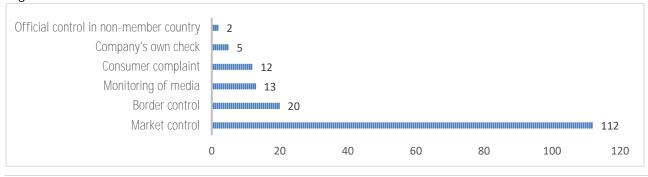


Figure 3: Source of detection



1. PRODUCT TAMPERING

| CLASSIFICATION | PRODUCT CATEGORY | COMMODITY | ISSUE | ORIGIN | NOTIFIED BY |
|---|--|--|--|-----------|----------------|
| Additives not | Bivalve molluscs and products thereof | (canned) razor clams | calcium disodium ethylene diamine tetra acetate (CDEDTA) (E 385) (122; 124 mg/kg)* | Chile | Spain |
| | Confectionery | sweets | brilliant blue FCF (E 133) (10.1 mg/kg), tartrazine (E 102) (287.9 mg/kg), allura red AC (E 129) (106.9 mg/kg)* | China | Poland |
| compliant with EU MLs ⁱ | Crustaceans and products thereof | shrimps (Pasiphaea sivado) | sulphur dioxide (E 220) (555 mg/kg)* | Italy | Spain |
| | Fish and fish products | tuna burger (Thunnus albacares) | ascorbic acid (E300) (594 mg/kg) | Spain | Slovenia |
| | Fats and oils | extra virgin olive oil | other vegetable oil | Lebanon | Germany |
| Adulteration | | olive oil | other vegetable oils | Italy | Germany |
| (ingredient dilution) | Soups, broths, sauces and condiments | sauce | higher content of fat than declared (65.63 g/100g instead of 40 g/100 g), sorbic acid (E 200) (1430 ± 172 mg/kg) | Austria | Germany |
| | Cocoa and cocoa preparations, coffee and tea | (Dubai) chocolates | peanuts (undeclared) (14814 mg/kg with label indicating "may contain peanuts") | Poland | Czechia |
| | Dietetic foods, food | food supplements | lower content of folic acid than declared (<340 μg/100 g instead of 2250 μg/100 g) | Germany | Austria |
| | | food supplements | lower content of Monacolin K than declared (1.59 mg/daily dose instead of 2.99 mg/ daily dose) | Lithuania | Latvia |
| Adulteration (ingredient substitution) | supplements and fortified foods | food supplements | lower content of vitamins than declared: B1 (0.128 mg instead of 100 mg/dose), B2 (0.0603 mg instead of 50 mg/dose), B6 (0.0243 mg instead of 70 mg/dose), folic acid (<loq (0.0608="" 0,0486="" 50="" dose),="" dose)<="" instead="" mg="" niacin="" of="" td=""><td>UK</td><td>Austria</td></loq> | UK | Austria |
| | 511 161 | (frozen) Atlantic cod fillets (Gadus morhua) | water content (water/protein ratio = 5.8) | Poland | Romania |
| | Fish and fish products | (frozen) pangasius fillets (Pangasius hypophthalmus) | water addition (W/PR: 9.4) | Vietnam | Romania |
| | Milk and milk products | whipped cream | lower content of fat than declared (27.55 g/100 g instead of 30 g/100 g) | Germany | Poland |
| | Soups, broths, sauces and condiments | truffle sauce | absence of truffle, misleading picturing and denomination | Slovakia | Austria |
| | | biscuits | natamycin (E 235)* | Ukraine | Latvia |
| Unapproved process (concealment, enhancement) | Cereals and bakery products | cereals | brilliant blue FCF (E 133) (12 mg/kg), sunset yellow FCF (E 110) (90 mg/kg), tartrazine (E 102) (7 mg/kg), allura red AC (E 129) (77 mg/kg)* | Canada | Poland |
| | | sweets | titanium dioxide (E 171) (2.8 mg/kg)* | Colombia | Spain |
| GIII al ICCIII CIII) | | sweets | sodium benzoate (E 221) | Thailand | Germany |
| | Confectionery | sweets | titanium dioxide (E 171), carrageenan (E 407), xanthan gum (E 415), konjac (E 425)* | Vietnam | Germany |
| | | sweets | amaranth (E 123)* | Hong Kong | Sweden |

| CLASSIFICATION | PRODUCT CATEGORY | COMMODITY | ISSUE | ORIGIN | NOTIFIED BY |
|---|--|---|---|--------------|----------------|
| | Confectionery | sweets | titanium dioxide (E 171)* | Vietnam | Sweden |
| | Confectionery | sweets | carrageenan (E 407)* | Netherlands | Austria |
| | Fats and oils | vegetable oil spray | carnauba wax (E 903)* | Türkiye | Greece |
| | Feed materials | fishmeal (feed) | ethoxyquin (E 324)* | Chile | Germany |
| | Fish and fish products | (frozen) tuna (Thunnus albacares) | indications of reddening and of water addition (W/P: 3.79), salt content (1.36 g/100 g) | Vietnam | Germany |
| Unapproved process | Meat and meat products (other than poultry) | beef skewers | glutamic acid (5844 mg/kg) | Poland | Germany |
| Unapproved process (concealment, | Non-alcoholic beverages | coconut water | sugar addition (sucrose) | Poland | Germany |
| enhancement) | Nuts, nut products and seeds | coated almonds | titanium dioxide (E 171)* | Syria | Germany |
| | Other food product / mixed | syrup | sweeteners (acesulfame potassium (E 950), sucralose (E 955)), titanium dioxide (E 171) | Taiwan | Sweden |
| | | syrup | titanium dioxide (E 171)* | Taiwan | Sweden |
| | | waxberries | titanium dioxide (E 171)* | China | Finland |
| | Prepared dishes and snacks | crackers | titanium dioxide (E 171)* | Pakistan | Ireland |
| | Wine | wine | y-decalatone (1.1 μg/l), y-nonaclatone (2.5 μg/l) (flavourings) | Portugal | Germany |
| | | wine | benzalkonium chloride (BAC) (0.35 mg/kg)* | South Africa | Ireland |
| | Cocoa and cocoa preparations, coffee and tea | (Dubai) chocolates | tartrazine (E 102)* | Türkiye | Germany |
| Undeclared process (concealment, enhancement) | Dietetic foods, food supplements and fortified foods | food supplements | potassium sorbate (E 202)* | Belgium | Belgium |
| | Non-alcoholic beverages | carbonated soft drinks | sorbic acid (E200) (153 mg/l) | Estonia | Poland |
| | Other food product / | palm sugar | sulphites (E 220 - 228) (151 mg/kg)* | Thailand | Netherlands |
| | mixed | palm sugar | sulphur dioxide (E 220) (129 mg/kg)* | Thailand | Slovenia |
| | Soups, broths, sauces and condiments | sauces | sorbic acid (E 200), benzoic acid (E 210) | Belgium | Germany |

2. <u>RECORD TAMPERING</u>

| CLASSIFICATION | PRODUCT CATEGORY | COMMODITY | ISSUE | ORIGIN | NOTIFIED BY |
|--------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|---|---------|----------------|
| Dietary claims | Meat and meat products (other than poultry) | "low fat" sausages | higher content of fat than declared (23.95 g /100 g instead of 15.7 g /100 g) | Germany | Austria |
| | | spirit drinks | misleading denomination "Polish vodka" (e- marketed) | Austria | Poland |
| [] protected | Alcoholic beverages | spirit drinks | misleading denomination "Polish vodka" (e- marketed) | Austria | Poland |
| EU protected designation | | spirit drinks | misleading denomination "Polish vodka" (e- marketed) | Austria | Poland |
| | | spirit drinks | misleading denomination "Grappa" | unknown | Italy |
| | Fats and oils | (Kalamata) extra virgin olive oil | misleading designation "Kalamata" | Greece | Germany |

| CLASSIFICATION | PRODUCT CATEGORY | COMMODITY | ISSUE | ORIGIN | NOTIFIED BY |
|--|--|---------------------------------|--|-------------|----------------|
| | Milk and milk products | cheese | misleading denomination "Feta", milk species substitution (55.4% goat instead of max 30%) | Greece | Germany |
| | | alcohol-free wine | misleading denomination "Prosecco" | Austria | Italy |
| | | alcohol-free wine | misleading denomination "Prosecco" | Germany | Italy |
| EU protected | | wine | misleading denomination "Piedmont", health and self-evident claims (e-marketed) | Ireland | Germany |
| designation | Wine | wine | misleading denomination "Hrvatsko Podunavlje" | Croatia | Croatia |
| | | wine | misleading denomination "Prosecco" | Austria | Italy |
| | | wine | misleading denomination 'Prosecco' | Austria | Italy |
| | | wine | misleading denomination "Toscano" | Italy | Italy |
| Intellectual Property Rights | Cocoa and cocoa preparations, coffee and tea | chocolates | counterfeiting | UK | Ireland |
| | Cereals and bakery products | (organic) rice | health claims | Thailand | Austria |
| | Cocoa and cocoa preparations, coffee and tea | "chocolate protein" cream | nutritional claim "protein source" (protein <12%), misleading presentation / name of the product (cocoa <8%) | Germany | Austria |
| | Confectionery | liquorice | health claims | Netherlands | Germany |
| | | food supplements | health claims | Czechia | Slovakia |
| | Dietetic foods, food supplements and fortified foods | food supplements | health claims | Italy | Germany |
| | | food supplements | health claims* | Slovenia | Croatia |
| Nutrition and health | | food supplements | health claims (e-marketed) | Slovakia | Austria |
| claims | | food supplements | health claims (e-marketed) | Slovakia | Austria |
| Cidillis | | food supplements | misleading designation "food for special medical purposes" | Slovakia | Austria |
| | | food supplements | misleading designation "food for special medical purposes", health claims | Slovakia | Austria |
| | | food supplements | health claims (e-marketed) | Germany | Austria |
| | | food supplements | health claims* | Slovenia | Croatia |
| | Fruits and vegetables | shiitake mushrooms | health claims | China | Germany |
| | Nuts, nut products and seeds | sunflower seeds | health claims | Bulgaria | Czechia |
| | Alcoholic beverages | spirit drinks | misleading denomination "vodka" (29.5% alcohol instead of at least 37.5%) | Vietnam | Germany |
| | | biscuits | misleading picturing | Romania | Germany |
| | Confectionery | sweets | higher sugar content than declared (91.6 g/100 g instead of 78.6 g/100 g) | Netherlands | Germany |
| | Eggs and egg products | eggs | traceability defects (absence of identification marks on eggs) | Ukraine | Germany |
| Product related dates, records and information | Fruits and vegetables | fermented green plum | absence of mulberry leaf powder (labelled) | Taiwan | Austria |
| | | beetroot juice from concentrate | misleading denomination "100% beetroot juice" | Poland | Germany |
| | Non-alcoholic beverages | orange juice from concentrate | misleading denomination "100% orange juice" | Poland | Czechia |
| | | peach-flavoured soft drinks | misleading picturing | Thailand | Germany |
| | Other food product / mixed | vanilla syrup | misleading picturing | Austria | Germany |

| CLASSIFICATION | PRODUCT CATEGORY | COMMODITY | ISSUE | ORIGIN | NOTIFIED BY |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|---|--------------------------|----------------|
| Product related dates, records and | Prepared dishes and snacks | ready to eat meal | higher fat content than declared (6.1 g/ 100 g instead of 3 g/ 100 g) | Slovenia | Germany |
| information | Wine | wine | non-compliant alcohol reduction claim | Portugal | Germany |
| Quantity (net, gross, weight, volume) | Crustaceans and products thereof | (frozen) shrimps | net weight lower than declared (123.4 - 132.6 g instead of 162.5 g) | Croatia | Slovenia |
| | | salmon (Salmo salar) | traceability defects (forgery of labels) | unknown | Spain |
| Others (record tampering) | Fish and fish products | trout slices (Oncorhynchus mykiss) | traceability defects (forgery of invoice)* | Lithuania, via Latvia | Estonia |
| | Fruits and vegetables | fruits and vegetables | traceability defects (forgery of invoices) | unknown | Hungary |
| | Other food product / mixed | various products | traceability defects (forgery of invoices) | Latvia | Estonia |

3. OTHER NON-COMPLIANCES (implicit claim violations)

| CLASSIFICATION | PRODUCT CATEGORY | COMMODITY | ISSUE | ORIGIN | NOTIFIED BY |
|---|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---|-------------|---|
| FCMs additives not authorised in the EU | Food contact materials | kitchenware | rice husks* | India | Greece |
| | Cereals and bakery products | rice cakes | GMO (P 35-S)* | China | Spain |
| | Cocoa and cocoa | herbal tea | Senna alexandrina* | Poland | |
| | preparations, coffee and | tea | cannabidiol (CBD)* | Netherlands | Finland |
| | tea | tea | mulberry leaves* | Thailand | Germany |
| | | chewing gums | cannabidiol (CBD)* | Czechia | Finland |
| | | chewing gums, Iollipops | cannabidiol (CBD) (51; 60 mg/day) (e- marketed)* | Netherlands | France Finland Germany Germany Germany Germany |
| | | sweets | cannabidiol (CBD) (0.78%)* | Switzerland | |
| | Confectionery | sweets | muscimol (5 mg/item)* | Czechia | Germany |
| | Confectionery | sweets | kratom (Mitragyna speciosa)* | Czechia | Germany |
| | | sweets | tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) (delta-9-THC: 2111 mg/kg)* | Czechia | Germany |
| Food, ingredient not | | sweets | tetrahydrocannabiphorol (THCP)* | Netherlands | BY Greece Spain Poland Finland Germany Finland France Finland Germany Germany Germany |
| authorised in the EU | | sweets | muscimol (9.8 mg/item)* | Ukraine | |
| | | CBD oil | cannabidiol (CBD) (307725 mg/kg)* | Czechia | Germany |
| | | CBD oil | tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) (733 mg/kg), cannabidiol (CBD) (105743 mg/kg)* | France | Germany |
| | | food supplements | Dendrobium nobile, 2-dimethylaminoethanol (DMAE) (e-marketed)* | Netherlands | Spain |
| | Dietetic foods, food | food supplements | hibiscus powder (Hibiscus rosa sinensis)* | Pakistan | Spain Poland Finland Germany Finland France Finland Germany |
| | supplements and | food supplements | sildenafil (8.7 mg/kg)* | Austria | Netherlands |
| | fortified foods | food supplements | Trametes versicolor, Cordyceps militaris (e-marketed)* | | Hungary |
| | | food supplements | tadalafil, sildenafil | Netherlands | Belgium |
| | | food supplements | wig tree extract, quercetin, e-marketed* | Austria | Germany |
| | | food supplements | 1-trimethylsilyl-propoxy-lysergic acid diethylamide hemi D-tartrate (1S-LSD)* | Netherlands | Germany |
| | | food supplements | Amanita muscaria* | Poland | Germany |

| CLASSIFICATION | PRODUCT CATEGORY | COMMODITY | ISSUE | ORIGIN | NOTIFIED BY |
|---|---|--|--|--------------|----------------|
| | | food supplements | Body Protective Compound -157 (syntetic peptides)* | China | Austria |
| | | food supplements | cannabidiol (CBD) (214651 mg/kg)* | Czechia | Germany |
| | | food supplements | cannabidiol (CBD)* | Netherlands | Sweden |
| | Dietetic foods, food | food supplements | Ganoderma lucidum, Cordyceps* | China | Lithuania |
| | supplements and | food supplements | pancreatin, Mucuna pruriens* | USA, Spain | Poland |
| | fortified foods | food supplements | Sceletium tortuosum extract* | South Africa | Germany |
| | | food supplements | yohimbine* | Germany | Bulgaria |
| | | food supplements | ostarine (e-marketed)* | UK | Poland |
| Food ingradiant not | | food supplements | yohimbine (yohimbine HCI, alpha-yohimbine)* | UK | Poland |
| Food, ingredient not | | food supplements | black walnut (Juglans nigra)* | USA | Poland |
| authorised in the EU | Feed materials | poultry meal (feed) | ruminant DNA* | Belgium | Netherlands |
| | Fruits and vegetables | (dried) mushrooms | Cordyceps militaris* | Hong Kong | Spain |
| | Nuts, nut products and seeds | tonka beans | tonka beans* | Belgium | Belgium |
| | Other food product / | mushroom coffee | Cordyceps, Reishi, Lion's mane and Shitake extracts (e-marketed) | Slovenia | Czechia |
| | mixed | various food products | sibutramine, sildenafil* | Türkiye | France |
| | Cereals and bakery products | wheat flour | chlorpyrifos (0.051 mg/kg)* | Slovenia | Slovenia |
| | Fruits and vegetables | (organic) celeries | dithiocarbamates (0.36 mg/kg) | Netherlands | Belgium |
| Residue of | | nectarine | propargite (0.27 ± 0.14 mg/kg) | Greece | Romania |
| pesticide(s) not | | peaches | propargite (0.061 mg/kg) | Greece | Poland |
| approved for use in | | redcurrants | ethephon (0.12mg/kg) | Belgium | Germany |
| the EU | | strawberries | tebuconazole (0.22 mg/kg) | Poland | Czechia |
| | | coriander | linuron (0.017 mg/kg) | Spain | Germany |
| | Herbs and spices | mustard seeds | haloxyfop (0.11 mg/kg), quantity mismatch (delivery note vs internal reporting document) | Poland | Germany |
| | Crustaceans and | shrimps (Litopenaus vannamei) | nitrofuran (metabolite) furazolidone (AOZ) (0.69 μg/kg)* | India | Ireland |
| Residues of | products thereof | shrimps (Litopenaus vannamei) | nitrofuran (metabolite) nitrofurazone (SEM) (0.53 μg/kg)* | India | Poland |
| veterinary medicines not compliant with | Eggs and egg products | eggs | nitrofuran (metabolite) furazolidone (AOZ) (2 µg/kg)* | Ukraine | Netherlands |
| EU MRLs ⁱⁱ | Fish and fish products | pangasius (Pangasius hypophthalmus)*** | nitrofuran (metabolite) furazolidone (AOZ) (>CCAlpha and >RPA)* | Vietnam | Belgium |
| | Meat and meat products (other than poultry) | beef meat products | non-respect of the withdrawal period for medicines (tylmasin A) | Denmark | Denmark |
| | Milk and milk products | milk | triclabendazole (15.2 µg/kg)* | Ukraine | Hungary |
| Smuggling | Live animals | 32 cattle | traceability defects (absence of identification mark, health certificates and passports), animal welfare infringements | Romania | Hungary |
| | Other food product / mixed | products of animal origin | attempt illegal import (concealed within plant- based products and misrepresented as non- animal origin goods)* | Sri Lanka | Italy |

| CLASSIFICATION | PRODUCT CATEGORY | COMMODITY | ISSUE | ORIGIN | NOTIFIED BY |
|----------------------|--|--|--|------------------------------|---|
| | Cereals and bakery | biscuits (with milk ingredients) | attempt to illegal import* | China | Italy |
| | products | biscuits (with milk ingredients) | illegal import* | Jordan | Sweden |
| | Cocoa and cocoa preparations, coffee and tea | chocolates (with milk and egg ingredients) | illegal import* | Iran | Germany |
| | Dietetic foods, food | food supplements | unregistered operator (e-marketed) | Estonia | Latvia |
| Unauthorised origin | supplements and fortified foods | food supplements | unregistered operators (e-marketed) | unknown | Latvia |
| (country, operators, | Herbs and spices | paprika | irradiation* | China | Romania |
| establishments) | Meat and meat products (other than poultry) | meat products | re-labelling and distribution by an operator not holding a valid authorisation | Spain | Spain |
| | Milk and milk products | dairy products | illegal import* | Iran, via the Netherlands | Germany |
| | | instant tea (with milk ingredients) | attempt to illegal import* | China | Italy |
| | Non-alcoholic beverages | coconut drinks (with milk ingredients) | attempt to illegal import* | China | Italy |
| | Other food product / mixed | chips (with milk ingredients) | illegal import* | Kosovo | Sweden |
| | Cocoa and cocoa preparations, coffee and tea | tea powder | skipped border controls* | China | Germany |
| | Dietetic foods, food supplements and fortified foods | food supplements | placing on the market without registration (e- marketed) | Germany | Poland |
| | Eggs and egg products | eggs | traceability defects (unknown registration number, absence of country code) | Netherlands | Germany |
| | Fish and fish products | fish | unsuitable packaging (household-level food packaging) | Germany | Latvia |
| | Food contact materials | kitchenware | skipped border controls* | China | European Commission for Northern Ireland |
| Others (implicit | | beef meat | sale after used by date* | Poland | Poland |
| claim violations) | Meat and meat products | various (frozen) food products | transport temperature | Sweden | Sweden |
| | (other than poultry) | various meat products | traceability defects (absence of labelling) | Austria | Germany |
| | | wild boar meat | traceability defects (unknown origin) | unknown | Latvia |
| | Milk and milk products | whey protein | skipped border controls* | USA | Belgium |
| | Other food product / mixed | products of animal and plant origin | attempt to skip border controls, absence of labelling* | Moldova | European Commission for Northern Ireland |
| | | products of animal and plant origin | attempt to skip border controls, absence of labelling* | Moldova | European Commission for Northern Ireland |
| | Poultry meat and poultry meat products | poultry meat | transport temperature | Netherlands | Belgium |

END.

^{*} RASFF notification (with hyperlink to RASFF Window).

^{**} Product originating from a country subject to a temporary increase of official border controls under Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1793 of 22 October 2019 on the temporary increase of official controls and emergency measures governing the entry into the Union of certain goods from third countries implementing Regulations (EU) 2017/625 and (EC) No 178/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council (OJ L 277, 29.10.2019, p. 89).

^{***} Product originating from an establishment subject to measures of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/1873 of 7 November 2019 on the procedures at border control posts for a coordinated performance by competent authorities of intensified official controls on products of animal origin, germinal products, animal by-products and composite products (OJ L 289, 8.11.2019, p. 50).

i MLs: Maximum Limit(s)

[&]quot; MRLs: Maximum Residue Level(s)